Snail Gear

Building instructions

v3.1





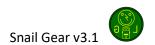
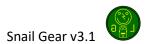


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Read this <u>entire</u> manual thoroughly before you start to building the effect! Especially the Modification and Biasing part. Decide before building the effect which mods you want to try so that you do not need to desolder parts later.

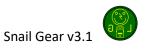
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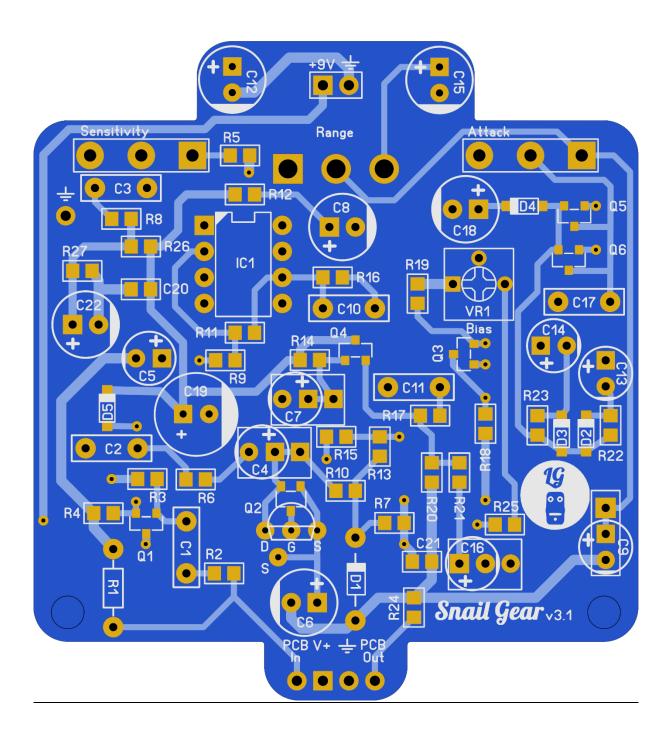
Components

Name	Value	Comment
C1	<u>47n</u>	SMF/MKT/FKP2
C2	<u>22n</u>	SMF/MKT/FKP2
С3	<u>22n</u>	SMF/MKT/FKP2
C4	<u>1u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C5	<u>1u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C6	<u>47u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C7	<u>1u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C8	<u>10u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
С9	<u>470n</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C10	<u>1n</u>	SMF/MKT/FKP2
C11	<u>33n</u>	SMF/MKT/FKP2
C12	<u>2u2</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C13	<u>1u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C14	<u>1u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C15	<u>10u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C16	<u>1u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C17	<u>47n</u>	SMF/MKT/FKP2
C18	<u>10u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C19	<u>100u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
C22	<u>10u</u>	Electrolytic 25V+
D1	<u>1N5339</u>	Zener 5.6V
IC1	<u>LM741</u>	Alternative <u>TL071</u>
P1	<u>A100k</u>	Sensitivity
P2	<u>B20K</u>	Attack
R1	<u>2M2</u>	Optional
SW1	SP3T	Range
VR1	<u>B10k</u>	
Jack In	Mono Jack	
Jack Out	Mono Jack	
DC	DC Jack	

A=Log, B=Lin, C=Rev. Log



PCB layout





General building tips

Soldering this board can be very complicated for some people since the solder pads are very close together. Use a magnifying glass to make the job easier.

Start by soldering the diodes and resistor. **R1** is an optional Pull down resistor to prevent a pop when switching the effect on. Feel free to leave it out.

<u>Note:</u> Do not blow on your solder in an attempt to cool it down. That will possibly result in a bad join that might corrode!

Next, solder the IC sockets then the VR1 and the foil capacitors. Lastly solder the electrolyte capacitors.

Place the IC (and transistors) and you are almost ready to rock.

Besides the components mentioned in the table on the page 3, you will need a footswitch, LED and a **Hammond 125B** case (or similar) in your favorite color.

PS you can experiment with the values of **C12** and **C15** to get even more swell. For example use a 4.7uF in **C12** and 22uF in **C15**. Find your own best matches.

Biasing

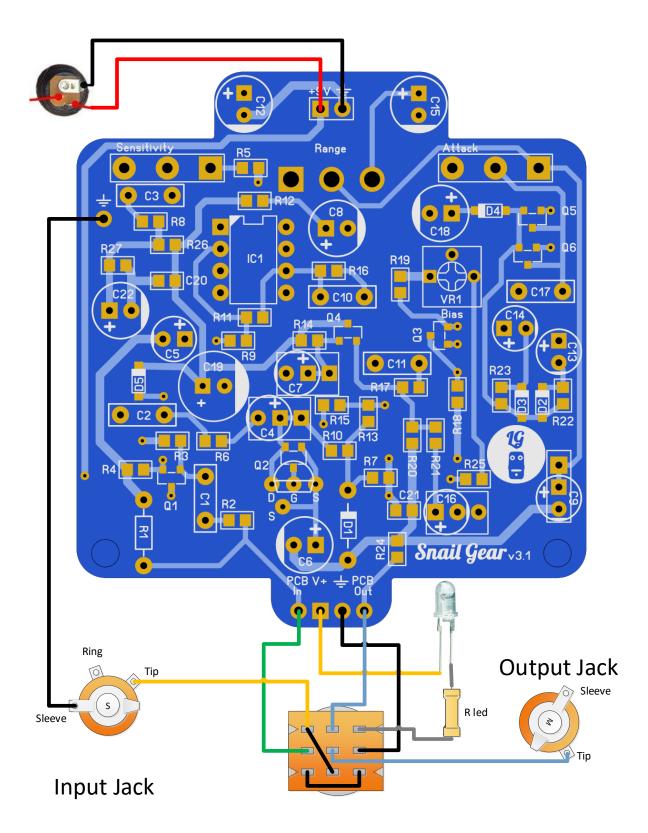
The most important part of this build is the biasing. If your effect is inaudible at low attack settings then it is not biased correctly. Biasing can be done by ear, but can be difficult, so take your time.

- 1. Turn **Attack** to 0 (=fully counterclockwise) and **Sensitivity** to 5 (=halfway/12 o'clock) and **VR1** to 10 (=fully clockwise)
- 2. Turn the VR1 until you hear the effect swell correct and without volume loss.

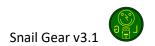
NB the Sensitivity pot is used to adapt the effect to the amount of input the effect gets (like an input boost). If you use a booster/fuzz in front of the effect, you will need to lower the Sensitivity to get the optimal result.



Off board wiring



The LEDs requires a resistor (R led in the diagram) depending on the type of LED you are using. To be safe use a 3k3 or 4k7 resistor.

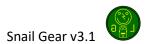


Troubleshooting

All PCB's have been 100% factory e-tested and out of every batch I receive I build a effect to double check, so there should not be a connection problem on the PCB itself.

The board is not working (at all), what now?

- Check if your 9V is plugged in correctly (and/or soldered correctly on the board).
- Check that you <u>oriented</u> the capacitors, IC's ,transistors and diodes the right way. SMF, MKT capacitors and resistors do not need to be oriented.
- Check if you used the correct values of the components. For resistors you can look here: http://www.diyaudioandvideo.com/Electronics/Color/
- Double and triple check your soldering! A loose or cold solder can be really bad for your board.
- Replace the IC's and transistors, one might be defective. Before doing that first unplug the 9V and wait 5 seconds.
- Check that you have good/high grade components. A lot of Chinese sourced parts are fakes (especially high end opamps, vintage diodes and transistors) so be careful that you source your parts from reliable suppliers.



Schematic

